

The usage of “dualgraph” by examples

November 12, 2005

1. Download Risa/Asir from <http://www.math.kobe-u.ac.jp/Asir/>
2. Install Risa/Asir according to manual.
3. Carry out Asir.

The package is the file `dualgraph.rr` in the directory `'asir-contrib/fj_curve'`.
Attention: The file “`dualgraph.rr`” contains Japanese jis code.

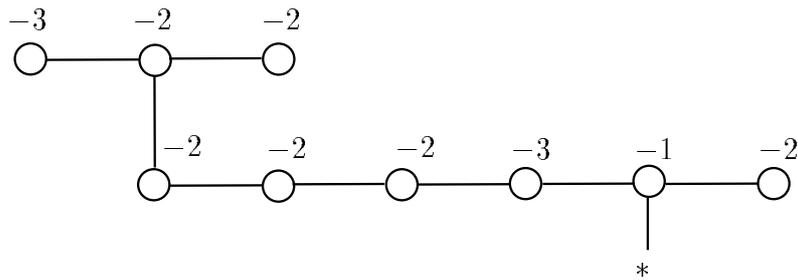
```
This is Risa/Asir, Version 20051106 (Kobe Distribution).
Copyright (C) 1994-2000, all rights reserved, FUJITSU LABORATORIES LIMITED.
Copyright 2000-2005, Risa/Asir committers, http://www.openxm.org/.
GC 6.5 Copyright 1988-2005, H-J. Boehm, A. J. Demers, Xerox, SGI, HP.
PARI 2.0.17, copyright 1989-1999, C. Batut, K. Belabas, D. Bernardi,
  H. Cohen and M. Olivier.
Debug windows of ox servers will not be opened. Set Xm_noX=0 to open it.
OpenXM/Risa/Asir-Contrib(20040302), Copyright 2000-2004, OpenXM.org committers
ox_help(0); ox_help("keyword"); ox_grep("keyword");
  for help messages (unix version only).
http://www.math.kobe-u.ac.jp/OpenXM/Current/doc/index-doc.html
[1217] load("gr")$
[1323] load("sp")$
[1425] load("fj_curve/dualgraph.rr")$
[1479] dual_graph((y^2-x^3)^2-y^7)$
*** Newton Polygon ***
[[0,4],[6,0]]
[[0,2],[9,0]]
***** Dual Graph *****
[3,[2,b1],2]
```

```

b1: [2,2,2,3,[1,b2],2]
b2:*
[1480]

```

This result means following dual graph.



```

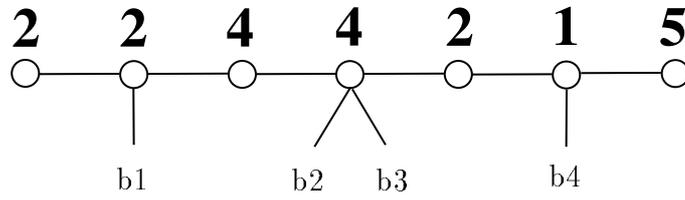
[194] F=((x^2-y^5)^2-x^5)*((-x^2+y^3)^2-y^9)
* ((x^2+y^3)^2-x^7)*(x^4+y^5)$
[195] dual_graph(F)$
*** Newton Polygon ***
[[0,27],[4,17],[12,5],[16,0]]
[[0,2],[5,0]]
[[0,2],[6,0]]
[[0,2],[9,0]]
***** Dual graph *****
[2,[2,b1],4,[4,b2,b3],2,[1,b4],5]
b1:[2,3,[1,b5],2]
b5:*
b2:[2,2,[1,b6,b7]]
b6:*
b7:*
b3:[2,2,2,3,[1,b8],2]
b8:*
b4:*

```

“b1,b2,b3,b4” mean another branches from these verticies.

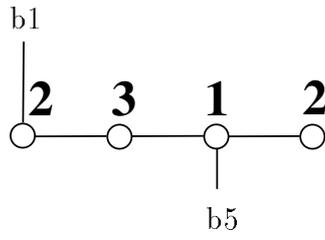
$$[2,[2,b1],4,[4,b2,b3],2,[1,b4],5]$$





The list "b1:..." means the dual graph of the branch "b1".

$$b1:[2,3,[1,b5],2]$$



Therefore we get following dual graph.

